Lab 7 – MongoDB – Create/Delete Database/Collection/Documents

# Objective

In this Lab, you learn to create and remove MongoDB

* Databases
* Collections
* Documents

# Submission

For this lab, you should submit a file with the below exercises completed.

Your file should be called: **L07–*lastname-firstname*** (for example: L07-King-Les)

# Getting Started

Open your Windows command prompt and go the following directory where MongoDB is installed:

* cd C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\**bin** To run MongoDB, execute ***mongod***
* mongod

When MongoDB starts successfully, open another Windows command prompt and go the same

*bin* directory:

* cd C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\**bin** and execute ***mongo***
* mongo

This opens the command line shell where you can work with MongoDB.

Or you can create a batch file:

Create a new text file named *start\_mongodb.bat* using a text editor and save the following command in it:

start call "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\bin\mongod.exe" start call "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\bin\mongo.exe"

Every time you want to run MongoDB and open the client shell, execute this file.

To test you solutions before you submit, test them individually and make sure they work correctly.

You submit this file with answers (in the provided spaces). Name the file “L07\_ID#\_LASTNAME.docx”.

# Tasks

1. In this question you create a new database named *seneca* and a collection *student*. We store student data in this collection.
   * use seneca

This command makes “seneca” your current database. However, the database will not be created until you insert a document into this database.

db.collection\_name.insertOne({})

Insert a new document into your collection *student* with the following data: first\_name: Sarah

last\_name: Stone

email: [s\_stone@email.com](mailto:s_stone@email.com) city: Toronto

status: full-time gpa: 3.4 program: CPA

db.student.insertOne({"first\_name" : "Sarah", "last\_name" : "Stone", "email" : "[s\_stone@email.com](mailto:s_stone@email.com)", "city" : "Toronto", "status" : "full-time", "gpa" : "3.4", "program" : "CPA"})

1. Write a command to check if the document has been created successfully. You use *find()* method to search and fetch documents.

See the following example:

* + db.student.find()

{ "\_id" : 3, "name" : "Bao Ziglar", "scores" : [ { "score" : 71.64343899778332, "type" : "exam" }, { "score" : 24.80221293650313,

"type" : "quiz" }, { "score" : 42.26147058804812, "type" : "homework" } ]

}

{ "\_id" : 6, "name" : "Jenette Flanders", "scores" : [ { "score" : 37.32285459166097, "type" : "exam" }, { "score" : 28.32634976913737,

"type" : "quiz" }, { "score" : 81.57115318686338, "type" : "homework" } ]

}

{ "\_id" : 0, "name" : "aimee Zank", "scores" : [ { "score" : 1.463179736705023, "type" : "exam" }, { "score" : 11.78273309957772,

"type" : "quiz" }, { "score" : 35.8740349954354, "type" : "homework" } ]

}

{ "\_id" : 8, "name" : "Daphne Zheng", "scores" : [ { "score" : 22.13583712862635, "type" : "exam" }, { "score" : 14.63969941335069,

"type" : "quiz" }, { "score" : 75.94123677556644, "type" : "homework" } ]

}

To see the result in *JSON* format, you can run the following statement:

* + db.student.find().forEach(printjson)

{

"\_id" : 3,

"name" : "Bao Ziglar", "scores" : [

{

"score" : 71.64343899778332,

"type" : "exam"

},

{

"score" : 24.80221293650313,

"type" : "quiz"

},

{

"score" : 42.26147058804812,

"type" : "homework"

}

]

}

{

"\_id" : 6,

"name" : "Jenette Flanders", "scores" : [

{

"score" : 37.32285459166097,

"type" : "exam"

},

{

"score" : 28.32634976913737,

"type" : "quiz"

},

{

"score" : 81.57115318686338,

"type" : "homework"

}

]

}

How many fields are in your document?

Is there any new field added to your document? If yes, what is the name of the field?

1. Write a command to remove the document that you created in Question 1. (We have only one document at this time, but when removing documents make sure you will not remove some other documents if not needed. So, make sure your command will remove “Sarah Stone” from your collection. For now, we assume that we do not have duplicate names in our database.)

**Note:** To avoid making mistakes, you can first write a find command with the proper criteria to see if the required document is fetched. Then, you can use the same criteria in your delete statement. (Write the statement to remove “Sarah Stone” from the database in the box below.)

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Getting Started

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 mongod

When MongoDB starts successfully, open another Windows command prompt and go the same

bin directory:

 cd C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\bin and execute mongo

 mongo

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Or you can create a batch file:

Create a new text file named start\_mongodb.bat using a text editor and save the following command in it:

start call "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\bin\mongod.exe" start call "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.2\bin\mongo.exe"

Every time you want to run MongoDB and open the client shell, execute this file.

To test you solutions before you submit, test them individually and make sure they work correctly.

You submit this file with answers (in the provided spaces). Name the file “L07\_ID#\_LASTNAME.docx”.

Tasks

1. In this question you create a new database named seneca and a collection student. We store student data in this collection.

 use seneca

This command makes “seneca” your current database. However, the database will not be created until you insert a document into this database.

db.collection\_name.insertOne({})

Insert a new document into your collection student with the following data: first\_name: Sarah

last\_name: Stone

email: s\_stone@email.com city: Toronto

status: full-time gpa: 3.4 program: CPA

db.student.insertOne({"first\_name" : "Sarah", "last\_name" : "Stone", "email" : "s\_stone@email.com", "city" : "Toronto", "status" : "full-time", "gpa" : "3.4", "program" : "CPA"})

2. Write a command to check if the document has been created successfully. You use find() method to search and fetch documents.

See the following example:

 db.student.find()

To see the result in JSON format, you can run the following statement:

 db.student.find().forEach(printjson)

How many fields are in your document?

Is there any new field added to your document? If yes, what is the name of the field?

3. Write a command to remove the document that you created in Question 1. (We have only one document at this time, but when removing documents make sure you will not remove some other documents if not needed. So, make sure your command will remove “Sarah Stone” from your collection. For now, we assume that we do not have duplicate names in our database.)

Note: To avoid making mistakes, you can first write a find command with the proper criteria to see if the required document is fetched. Then, you can use the same criteria in your delete statement. (Write the statement to remove “Sarah Stone” from the database in the box below.)

What is the message as a result of your delete statement? Copy the message in the following box:

To see if the document is removed successfully, write a search statement to see if the document exists. (We look for one document not all).

4. We want to add some students to our collection, but this time, we define the value for the \_id

field. (If the \_id is not defined in your document, it will be added automatically.)

\_id: 1001 first\_name: Sarah last\_name: Stone

email: s\_stone@email.com city: Toronto

status: full-time gpa: 3.4 program: CPA

\_id: 1002 first\_name: Jack last\_name: Adam

email: j\_adam@email.com city: North York

status: part-time gpa: 3.6 program: CPA

To add these students, we want to store these documents into a variable first.

Define a variable named starray and add these two document to the variable. (You are storing more than one document so you need to define an array.

Now, use the starray array to insert the documents to your collection student. Write your insert statement in the box bellow.

What message is displayed after you execute the insert statement. Copy the message in the following box:

Write a statement that shows all documents inserted in your collection student:

5. Write a statement to remove all documents in the student collection.

6. Write a statement to drop the database seneca.

Before dropping a database, make sure your current database is the one you want to delete. For this question, we want to delete (drop) the seneca database.

You can write the use statement before removing the database to make sure your current database is seneca.

 use seneca

Or, you can write the db or db.getName() statement to see the name of your current database:

 db

 db.getName()

If your current database is not seneca, write the use statement to switch to seneca and then delete the database.

What message is displayed after you execute the drop statement? Copy the message in the box below:



What is the message as a result of your delete statement? Copy the message in the following box:

**1 })**



To see if the document is removed successfully, write a search statement to see if the document exists. (We look for one document not all).

1. We want to add some students to our collection, but this time, we define the value for the *\_id*

field. (If the \_id is not defined in your document, it will be added automatically.)

\_id: 1001 first\_name: Sarah last\_name: Stone

email: [s\_stone@email.com](mailto:s_stone@email.com) city: Toronto

status: full-time gpa: 3.4 program: CPA

\_id: 1002 first\_name: Jack last\_name: Adam

email: [j\_adam@email.com](mailto:j_adam@email.com) city: North York

status: part-time gpa: 3.6 program: CPA

To add these students, we want to store these documents into a variable first.

Define a variable named *starray* and add these two document to the variable. (You are storing more than one document so you need to define an array.

starray =

Now, use the *starray* array to insert the documents to your collection *student*. Write your insert statement in the box bellow.

What message is displayed after you execute the insert statement. Copy the message in the following box:

Write a statement that shows all documents inserted in your collection *student*:

1. Write a statement to remove all documents in the *student* collection.
2. Write a statement to drop the database *seneca*.

Before dropping a database, make sure your current database is the one you want to delete. For this question, we want to delete (drop) the *seneca* database.

You can write the *use* statement before removing the database to make sure your current database is *seneca*.

* + use seneca

Or, you can write the *db* or db.getName() statement to see the name of your current database:

* + db
  + db.getName()

If your current database is not *seneca*, write the use statement to switch to *seneca* and then delete the database.

What message is displayed after you execute the drop statement? Copy the message in the box below: